PLANNING PROPOSAL



Amendment to the Upper Hunter Local Environmental Plan 2013

Planning Proposal 1/2019 – Proposed Amendment to Upper Hunter Local Environmental Plan 2013.

Lot 22 DP 1235763, New England Highway Scone

Version 01

PART 1: OBJECTIVES AND BACKGROUND

The objective of this planning proposal is to amend the Upper Hunter Local Environmental Plan 2013 to enable the establishment of a highway service centre and warehouse or distribution centres premises at Lot 22 DP 1235763 New England Highway, Scone

The land that is the subject of this planning proposal is located adjacent to the existing industrial estate to the north of Scone between the New England Highway and rail corridor and comprises a total area of approximately 2.49 hectares. The land has a very gentle gradient of approximately 2% falling to the west.

Surrounding land uses include industrial land to the north, vacant residential zoned land to the south (45 lot residential subdivision has been approved), the saleyards to the east and primary production land to the west. A present the site fronts the New England Highway, where the Scone Bypass is currently under construction. In the future on completion of the bypass the site will have access to a local road running approximately parallel to the highway.

The land that is the subject of this planning proposal is identified in Annexure 1 at the back of this report.

The site is currently zoned R1 General Residential under the Upper Hunter Local Environmental Plan 2013. Development for the purposes of a highway service centre is prohibited within the R1 zone.

The planning proposal intends to enable the development of the site for the purpose of a highway service centre comprising:

- Service station (including truck and car refuel areas)
- Fast food and dining restaurant
- Caravan parking area
- Truck parking area
- "Distribution centre/cold storage"

There are two (2) options available to Council for achieving the intent of the planning proposal as follows:

- 1) to amend the zoning of the subject land to IN2 Light Industrial. The proposed land uses are permissible in this zone; or
- 2) to identify the proposed use of the land as an additional permitted use pursuant to Clause 2.5 of the Upper Hunter LEP 2013.

PART 2: EXPLANATION OF PROVISIONS

In order to achieve the objective of this planning proposal the Upper Hunter Local Environmental Plan 2013 could be amended by one of the following two ways:

Option 1

Rezone the subject land to **Zone IN2 Light Industrial** as follows:

Zone IN2 Light Industrial

1 Objectives of zone

- To provide a wide range of light industrial, warehouse and related land uses.
- To encourage employment opportunities and to support the viability of centres.
- To minimise any adverse effect of industry on other land uses.
- To enable other land uses that provide facilities or services to meet the day to day needs of workers in the area.
- To support and protect industrial land for industrial uses.

2 Permitted without consent

Environmental protection works

3 Permitted with consent

Boat building and repair facilities; Boat launching ramps; Car parks; Cemeteries; Community facilities; Correctional centres; Crematoria; Depots; Educational establishments; Electricity generating works; Emergency services facilities; Environmental facilities; Flood mitigation works; Freight transport facilities; Funeral homes; Garden centres; Hardware and building supplies; Health services facilities; Helipads; Heliports; <u>Highway service centres</u>; Industrial retail outlets; Industrial training facilities; Industries; Information and education facilities; Jetties; Kiosks; Landscaping material supplies; Light industries; Mortuaries; Neighbourhood shops; Office premises; Oyster aquaculture; Passenger transport facilities; Places of public worship; Plant nurseries; Public administration buildings; Recreation areas; Recreation facilities (indoor); Recreation facilities (major); Recreation facilities (outdoor); Research stations; Restricted premises; Storage premises; Take away food and drink premises; Tank-based aquaculture; Timber yards; Transport depots; Truck depots; Vehicle body repair workshops; Vehicle repair stations; Vehicle sales or hire premises; Warehouse or distribution centres; Water recreation structures; Water supply systems; Wharf or boating facilities; Wholesale supplies

4 Prohibited

Pond-based aquaculture; Any development not specified in item 2 or 3

Under Option 1, the Land Zoning Map Sheet LZN_008A would need to be amended to show the revised zoning of the land as IN2 Light Industrial.

In addition, the following LEP maps should be amended to ensure appropriate development standards are in place to minimise impacts on the surrounding area and to ensure consistency with the development standards typically applied to the IN2 zone.

- Floor Space Ratio Map (Sheet FSR_008A) to provide for a maximum floor space ratio of 1:1; and
- Height of Buildings Map (Sheet HOB_008A) to provide for a maximum building height of 10 metres.

OR

Option 2

Include highway service centre as an additional permitted use of the land in Schedule 1 of the Upper Hunter LEP 2013 as follows:

9 Use of certain land at New England Highway, Scone

- (1) This clause applies to land at New England Highway, Scone, being Lot 22 DP 1235763.
- (2) Development for the purpose of a highway service centre and warehouse or distribution centre is permitted with development consent.

PART 3: JUSTIFICATION

In accordance with the Department of Planning and Environment's Guide to Preparing Planning Proposals, this section provides a response to the following issues:

- Section A: Need for proposal
- Section B: Policy Context
- Section C: Potential Environmental, Social and Economic Impact; and
- Section D: Other Government Interests

SECTION A – NEED FOR THE PLANNING PROPOSAL

1. Is the planning proposal the result of any strategic study?

The planning proposal is not the result of any strategic study.

The Upper Hunter Land Use Strategy 2017 recognises that the role and function of Scone's existing town centre (Kelly Street) is expected to change when highway traffic is diverted around the town via the Scone Bypass. This may also lead to pressure for commercial developments along the new bypass corridor. The Strategy supports precinct-level planning to establish priorities for planning and development controls (Direction 2.2).

One of the strategic actions of Direction 2.2 is to review the potential and demand for commercial development potential along the proposed Scone bypass route and develop a strategy for responding to rezoning requests prior to the completion of the bypass, particularly at the northern and southern intersection accesses to the town. This strategy is yet to be developed by Council.

The Land Use Strategy identifies Area 2 at the southern end of the bypass as a priority investigation area to respond to the influence of the Scone Bypass on the town centre and to provide opportunities for employment generating uses in and around the town centre. Area 2 may be capable of providing up to 10ha of land for a mix of tourism and/or commercial uses. The proponent of the current rezoning did consider the feasibility of developing a highway service centre in Area 2 but found that the grade separation between the current New England Highway and the bypass would be problematic as it would not enable the most convenient and direct access to a proposed service centre.

Council is currently considering a similar planning proposal to enable the land to be used for a highway service centre and motel adjacent to the St Aubins Street off-ramp of the Scone Bypass. Notwithstanding site is significantly constrained by flood risk, amenity impacts on surrounding residential uses and access from the bypass (based on RMS advice). The proponent contends that the proposed intersection at Lot 22 DP 1235763, New England Highway provides a more suitable location for the establishment of a highway service centre.

2. Is the planning proposal the best means of achieving the objectives or intended outcomes, or is there a better way?

As noted previously, this planning proposal considers two options for achieving the objectives.

Option 1

Rezoning the subject land to Zone IN2 Light Industrial would enable development of the land for the purpose of a highway service centre, however, it would also enable a range of other land uses that may be less undesirable in this location such as industries, depots and industrial retail outlets that do not necessarily service highway users and could conflict with the adjoining residential uses to the south. Furthermore according to the Land and Housing Supply Monitor (as updated at 2018), the adjacent Scone Business Park has area of 34ha, with a 325 theoretical lot potential (15 lots have been constructed to date). In this regard there is sufficient IN2 Light Industrial zoned land in Scone and given the low rate of lot development, additional areas are not required at this time.

Option 2

An alternative way of achieving the objective of this planning proposal is to identify highway service centre as an additional permitted use of the land in Schedule 1 of the Upper Hunter LEP 2013. This option would mean that the land would continue to be zoned R1 General Residential and the uses currently permitted on the land would continue to be permitted. However, a highway service centre and bulky goods retail/distribution centre would also be permitted with consent.

In view of the above, should the planning proposal be supported by Council, Option 2 is the preferred option to achieve the objectives of the proposal.

3. Is there a community benefit?

The planning proposal will essentially create the potential for the site to be developed as a highway service centre. This has the potential to offer facilities to the travelling public in terms of fuel, food and a rest stop, particularly for heavy vehicles and long vehicles. The development is also likely to generate employment for the Scone township.

SECTION B – RELATIONSHIP TO STRATEGIC PLANNING FRAMEWORK

4. Is the planning proposal consistent with the objectives and actions contained within the applicable regional or sub-regional strategy?

It is considered that the proposal is consistent with Direction 4: 'Enhance inter-regional linkages to support economic growth', and Direction 23: 'Grow centres and renewal corridors' of the Hunter Regional Plan 2036.

In relation to Direction 4, the Scone Bypass will enhance inter-regional transport connections to support economic growth whilst contributing to greater efficiency of the New England Highway which is a nationally significant transport corridor. The planning proposal will facilitate development that would build on the opportunity provided by the new bypass to the economic benefit of Scone.

The proposal is consistent with Direction 23 as it will support the long-term viability of Scone as a strategic centre of the Upper Hunter region. The proposal will lead to development that is likely to generate employment opportunities to support a growing population and will contribute to local economic growth.

5. Is the planning proposal consistent with the local Council's Community Strategic Plan, or other local strategic plan?

The planning proposal is consistent with the following Community Strategies of Goal 4 – Plan for a sustainable future and Goal 5 – A sustainable and prosperous economy:

CS13 "Implement and regularly review Strategic Land Use Plans, Environmental Planning Instruments and Development Control Plans, which reflect the needs and expectations of the broad community"

CS19 "Encourage retail and commercial business to locate and prosper within our Shire"

CS20 "Encourage and support innovative industry and a diversity of businesses that provide a range of services and employment opportunities for current and future generations"

6. Is the planning proposal consistent with applicable State Environmental Planning Policies?

The State Environmental Planning Policies (SEPPs) that are relevant to this planning proposal are outlined below.

Relevant SEPP	Consistency of Planning Proposal
SEPP No 55 Remediation of Land	Historically, the land has been used predominantly for rural (grazing). Council is aware that part of the land was recently unlawfully used in association with the limestone separating plant that is on Lot 107 DP 1184051. Council understand based on information provided by Stoneco Pty Ltd that the operation involves refining the already crushed limestone by removing metal material using magnetic separation.
	Currently part of the site is being used by Daracon as a works depot. It is unclear about what specific activities have taken place on this site, however it is assumed that they have the potential to cause contamination. It is therefore recommended that should the rezoning proceed, a detailed site investigation would need to be carried out to confirm any base line contamination levels in accordance with the Upper Hunter Contaminated Lands Policy 2017.

Relevant SEPP	Consistency of Planning Proposal
SEPP (Infrastructure) 2007	 The planning proposal will facilitate traffic generating development as prescribed by Schedule 3 of the SEPP. In accordance with Clause 104 of the SEPP, the consent authority, before determining a development application for the highway service centre and motel, must: (a) give written notice of the application to RMS within 7 days after the application is made, and (b) take into consideration: (i) any submission that RMS provides in response to that notice within 21 days after the notice was given (unless, before the 21 days have passed, RMS advises that it will not be making a submission), and (ii) the accessibility of the site concerned, including: (A) the efficiency of movement of people and freight to and from the site and the extent of multi-purpose trips, and (B) the potential to minimise the need for travel by car and to maximise movement of freight in containers or bulk freight by rail, and (iii) any potential traffic safety, road congestion or parking implications of the development.
	Preliminary advice from the NSW Department of Planning and Environment is that early consultation with the RMS should be undertaken. The proposal was referred to the RMS on 7 June 2019 and then again on 18 October 2019 along with the requested documentation. The RMS provided a final response on 21 November 2019 (for to Annexure 3) raising no objection to the rezoning (notwithstanding further assessment will be required in relation to any future development application).
SEPP No. 33 Hazardous and Offensive Development	The establishment of a service station will require an assessment of the proposal under SEPP 33. This would be submitted as documentation with a future development application for a highway service centre.

7. Is the planning proposal consistent with applicable Ministerial Directions (s.9.1 Directions)?

Each s9.1 Ministerial Direction is listed below with an annotation stating whether it is relevant to the Planning Proposal and confirming consistency.

s.9.1 Direction Title	Applies	Consistency of Planning Proposal
1.1 Business and Industrial Zones	Yes	Direction 1.1 is not strictly relevant to the planning proposal (Option 2) as it will not affect land within an existing or proposed business or industrial zone. The proposal does not intend to change the R1 zoning of the land but rather allow the establishment of a highway service centre on the land as an additional permitted use. Notwithstanding, the planning proposal is not inconsistent with the objectives of Direction 1.1 as the proposal will encourage employment growth in a suitable location, is unlikely to significantly impact on employment land in business and industrial zones and will support the viability of Scone as a strategic centre by capturing passing trade that may otherwise bypass Scone. It is noted that the proposal is not in accordance with a strategy that is approved by the Secretary of the Department of Planning & Environment. However, the inconsistency with this particular term of the direction is considered to be of minor
		significance.
1.2 Rural Zones	No	Not Applicable
1.3 Mining, Petroleum Production and Extractive Industries	NA	Not Applicable
1.4 Oyster Aquaculture	NA	Not Applicable
1.5 Rural Lands	No	Not Applicable
2.1 Environment Protection Zones	NA	Not Applicable
2.2 Coastal Protection	NA	Not Applicable
2.3 Heritage Conservation	NA	Not Applicable
2.4 Recreation Vehicle Areas	NA	Not Applicable
3.1 Residential Zones	NA	No Applicable
3.2 Caravan Parks and Manufactured Home Estates	NA	Not Applicable
3.3 Home Occupations	NA	Not Applicable
3.4 Integrating Land Use and transport	NA	Not Applicable
3.5 Development Near Licensed Aerodromes	NA	Not Applicable
4.1 Acid Sulfate Soils	NA	Not Applicable
4.2 Mine Subsidence and Unstable Land	NA	Not Applicable
4.3 Flood Prone Land	No	Not Applicable
4.4 Planning for Bushfire Protection	NA	Not Applicable
5.1 Implementation of Regional Strategies	NA	Not Applicable
5.2 Sydney Drinking Water Catchments	NA	Not Applicable
5.3 Farmland of State and Regional Significance on the NSW Far North Coast	NA	Not Applicable
5.4 Commercial and Retail Development along the Pacific Highway, North Coast	NA	Not Applicable
5.9 North West Rail Link Corridor Strategy	NA	Not Applicable

s.9.1 Direction Title	Applies	Consistency of Planning Proposal
5.10 Implementation of Regional Plans	Yes	The planning proposal is consistent with the Hunter Regional Plan as discussed in Section B4 of this planning proposal report.
6.1 Approval and Referral Requirements	NA	Not Applicable
6.2 Reserving Land for Public Purposes	NA	Not Applicable
6.3 Site Specific Provisions	Yes	The planning proposal is consistent with the terms of Direction 6.3 as it will allow a land use without imposing any development standards or requirements in addition to those already contained in the Upper Hunter LEP 2013.
7.1 Implementation of the Metropolitan Strategy	NA	Not Applicable

SECTION C - ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC IMPACT

8. Is there any likelihood that critical habitat or threatened species, populations or ecological communities, or their habitats, will be adversely affected as a result of the proposal?

It is unlikely that the proposal will adversely affect any critical habitat, threatened species, populations or ecological communities or their habitats. The land does not include or comprise critical habitat or lay within a conservation area under the meaning of an environmental planning instrument or any proposed environmental instrument applying to the land.

As previously discussed the site is currently being used as a storage facility/depot for the Scone Bypass project and as such is significantly disturbed.

9. Are there any other environmental effects as a result of the planning proposal and how are they proposed to be managed?

There will be a range of environmental impacts associated with future development of the site including noise, traffic, lighting, visual, stormwater and minor vegetation removal. A more detailed assessment of the likely impacts of the development will be undertaken at the development application stage.

Noise

The development of the site as a highway service centre has the potential to generate noise that could impact on surrounding land uses. At present the nearest residential building is approximately 150m north-west and then another approximately 260m south. As discussed Council has approved a 45 lot residential subdivision on adjoining land (Lot 20 and 21 DP 1235763) (Development Consent No. 157/2015). However the landowner has recently submitted a development application (DA 39/2019) for the same land for a five lot residential subdivision. In this regard there are likely to be dwelling houses on this adjoining land that could be affected by noise from the highway service centre and the warehouse or distribution centre. The proponent will be required to provide an appropriate acoustic impact assessment as part of any future development application for the highway service centre and the warehouse or distribution centre.

Traffic

The proposed use as a highway service centre and warehouse or distribution centre is likely to generate significant amount of traffic to the site. Access to the land will be from the two-way access road that will connect Kelly Street to Makybe Diva Street. Traffic from the New England Highway would gain access via the turning lanes and access road from the Bypass (as shown in Figure 1).



Figure 2. Scone Bypass in relation to the site of the proposed Highway Service Centre

The Planning Proposal was referred to the NSW Roads and Maritime Services (RMS) on 11 June 2019 for preliminary advice. The RMS advised that the information is currently insufficient to make an informed decision about the planning proposal. The following documentation will therefore need to be submitted should Council support the planning proposal:

- Road Safety Audit
- Intersection modelling to confirm delay times, queue lengths and performance of the bypass with Kelly Street
- Traffic Impact Assessment prepared in accordance with the Guide to Traffic Generating

Developments 2002.

- Consideration of the suitability of the site to provide parking for 30 metre PBS 2B heavy vehicles
- Consideration of the location of the heavy vehicle parking area, in regards to the proximity to noise generating impacts for resting heavy vehicle drivers, including the surrounding land uses (though currently vacant).
- Environmental, social and economic impacts
- Stormwater

The proposal was referred to the RMS on 7 June 2019 and then again on 18 October 2019 along with the requested documentation. The RMS provided final response on 21 November 2019 (refer to RMS letters in Annexure 3) raising no objection to the rezoning.

Stormwater Drainage

The development will result in large areas of hard surfaces – buildings, roofs, internal roads and parking areas, and as such has the potential to generate stormwater. At this stage a stormwater management strategy has not been developed for the site. It is recommended that further details in relation to stormwater management are provided as part of any development application in relation to:

- Sedimentation and erosion controls to be implemented during the construction phase of the development.
- water quality and runoff from areas exposed to fuel dispensers and refuelling points to be conveyed to
 a proprietary device to provide hydrocarbon removal. Clean runoff is then to be discharged to the
 stormwater system.
- Water Sensitive Urban Design

Amenity

The development has the potential for adverse amenity impacts. Extensive landscaping and screening is proposed over the front of the site. Proposed landscaping details are incorporated in the landscape plans accompanying the planning proposal.

10. How has the planning proposal adequately addressed any social and economic effects?

The proposal is expected to generate positive social and economic effects. The planning proposal provides for growth of the 'Scone North' light industrial area by providing an additional uses for the purpose of a highway service centre. The proposed additional use will contribute to the diversification of the Upper Hunter Region's economy by adding to the supply of land with highway frontage within the Scone township.

SECTION D – COMMONWEALTH AND STATE INTERESTS

11. Is there adequate public infrastructure for the planning proposal?

The land subject to the planning proposal is serviced by public infrastructure, including local roads, power, water, sewerage and telephone. It is expected that major upgrades to existing infrastructure will be required to service future development on the land.

12. What are the views of State and Commonwealth public authorities consulted in accordance with the Gateway determination?

Relevant State and Commonwealth public authorities will be consulted in accordance with any Gateway determination should the proposal be supported.

PART 5: COMMUNITY CONSULTATION

It is recommended that the planning proposal be placed on public exhibition for at least 28 days prior to Council making a decision on whether it supports the planning proposal and forwards the proposal to the NSW Minister for Planning for a gateway determination.

PART 6: PROJECT TIMELINE

The project timeline in respect of the planning proposal is provided in the following diagram.

The anticipated timeframe for the proposed amendment to the Upper Hunter Local Environmental Plan 2013 from submission of the proposal to NSW Planning and Environment to gazettal of the LEP amendment is ten (10) months.

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December 2019							
	Report to Council	Submit Planning Proposal to NSW Planning & Environment	Anticipated commencement date (Gatewav Determination)	Consultation – Community/ Public Authorities	Review / consideration of submissions to public exhibition	Report to Council	Finalise the Local Environmental Plan using Minister's plan making
	STAGE 1	STAGE 2	STAGE 3	STAGE 4	STAGE 5	STAGE 6	STAGE 7

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Annexure 1: Locality and Site Map



Site subject to Planning Proposal

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Annexure 2: Concept Plan for Future Site Development

Annexure 3: Submission: NSW Roads and Maritime Services



CR2019/002686 SF2019/124002 MJD

22 July 2019

General Manager Upper Hunter Shire Council PO Box 208 Scone NSW 2337

Attention: Paul Smith

NEW ENGLAND HIGHWAY (HW9): PLANNING PROPOSAL 1/2019, REZONE LAND TO ENABLE HIGHWAY SERVICE CENTRE, LOT: 22 DP: 1235763, 2912 NEW ENGLAND HIGHWAY SCONE

Reference is made to Council's letter dated 11 June 2019, regarding the abovementioned application which was referred to Roads and Maritime Services (Roads and Maritime) for comment in accordance with Clause 104 / Schedule 3 of the State Environmental Planning Policy (Infrastructure) 2007.

Roads and Maritime understands the draft Planning Proposal to be to rezone 2912 New England Highway from R1 General Residential to IN2 Light Industrial to allow the construction of a Highway Service Centre. The Service Centre will comprise:

- Service Station, including car and truck refuelling,
- Fast food restaurant,
- Truck parking area,
- Distribution centre.

Roads and Maritime Response

Transport for NSW and Roads and Maritime's primary interests are in the road network, traffic and broader transport issues. In particular, the efficiency and safety of the classified road network, the security of property assets and the integration of land use and transport.

The New England Highway fronting the site is currently a classified State road. The road is being realigned as part of the Scone Bypass project, with the documentation indicating that it will be named Kelly Street. The status of this road (local or regional) following the opening of the Scone Bypass is not known at this time.

Roads and Maritime have reviewed the submitted documentation, including the Planning Proposal Report by TFA Project Group dated 7 December 2018, and consider there is insufficient information to allow Roads and Maritime to make an informed decision regarding the proposal. The following comments are made:

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Traffic impact

- A Road Safety Audit should be conducted by a qualified team to review safety on the roads surrounding the proposed HSC and for the increased traffic accessing the bypass from Kelly Street.
- No intersection modelling has been carried out to confirm delay times, queue lengths and intersection
 performance of the bypass with Kelly Street. The suitability and safety of the seagull intersection within
 the proposed bypass corridor, with the additional traffic from the HSC is to be assessed.
- If Council supports the draft planning proposal, it is requested that the next referral to Roads and Maritime include a Traffic Impact Assessment prepared in accordance with the Roads and Maritime's *Guide to Traffic Generating Developments 2002.* Roads and Maritimes minimum requirements for a traffic and transport study is to include (but not be limited to) the following:
 - Assessment of all relevant vehicular traffic routes and intersections for access to / from the subject land.
 - · Current traffic counts for all of the traffic routes and intersections.
 - The anticipated additional vehicular traffic generated from both the construction and operational stages of the project.
 - The distribution on the road network of the trips generated by the proposed development. It is
 requested that the predicted traffic flows are shown diagrammatically to a level of detail sufficient for
 easy interpretation.
 - Consideration of the traffic impacts on existing and proposed intersections, and the capacity of the local and classified road network to safely and efficiently cater for the additional vehicular traffic generated by the proposed development during both the construction and operational stages. The traffic impact shall also include the cumulative traffic impact of other proposed developments in the area.
 - Identify any the necessary road network infrastructure upgrades that are required to maintain
 existing levels of service on both the local and classified road network for the development. In this
 regard, preliminary concept drawings shall be submitted with the EIS for any identified road
 infrastructure upgrades. However, it should be noted that any identified road infrastructure upgrades
 will need to be to the satisfaction of Roads and Maritime and Council. A Transport Infrastructure
 Plan should be considered in this regard.
 - Traffic analysis of any major / relevant intersections impacted, using SIDRA or similar traffic model, including:
 - Current traffic counts and 10 year traffic growth projections
 - · With and without development scenarios
 - 95th percentile back of queue lengths
 - Delays & Degree of Saturation on all legs for the relevant intersections
 - Submission of data files (eg Sidra) for Roads and Maritime review.
 - Any other impacts on the regional and state road network including consideration of pedestrian, cyclist and public transport facilities and provision for service vehicles. This is to include a pedestrian plan to ensure that pedestrian connectivity across the state roads is appropriate.

Other comments

The Council maintained rest stop facility at Murrurundi provides parking for an estimated eight heavy vehicles (shared between northbound and southbound). The estimated current and future demands for this section of the highway (between Muswellbrook and the Kamilaroi Highway) have been estimated at 19 parking spaces. This indicates that there is a deficit of eleven parking spaces for heavy vehicles on this section of the New England Highway.

In considering the suitability of the site, Roads and Maritime recommend that the following also be considered:

- Suitability of required need to increase the number of parking spaces for heavy vehicles, and can
 accommodate 30 metre PBS 2B heavy vehicles,
- Consider the location of the heavy vehicle parking area, in regards to the proximity to noise generating
 impacts for resting heavy vehicle drivers, including the surrounding land uses (though currently vacant).

Environmental Social and Economic Impact

Further investigation needs to be made regarding the negative impacts on the Scone Town Centre, such as the loss of trade from other similar businesses as a direct impact of this development proposal.

Stormwater

Discharged stormwater from the development shall not exceed the capacity of the New England Highway (existing or proposed) stormwater drainage system. Council shall ensure that drainage from the site is catered for appropriately and should advise Roads and Maritime of any adjustments to the existing system that are required prior to final approval of the development.

On Council's Gateway determination of this matter, please forward a copy of the Notice of Determination to Roads and Maritime for record and / or action purposes. Should you require further information please contact Marc Desmond on 0475 825 820 or by emailing development.hunter@rms.nsw.gov.au.

Yours sincerely

Peter Marler Manager Land Use Assessment Hunter Region



CR2019/004564 SF2019/124002 MJD

21 November 2019

General Manager Upper Hunter Shire Council PO Box 208 Scone NSW 2337

Attention: Paul Smith

NEW ENGLAND HIGHWAY (HW9): PLANNING PROPOSAL 1/2019, REZONE LAND TO ENABLE HIGHWAY SERVICE CENTRE, LOT: 22 DP: 1235763, 2912 NEW ENGLAND HIGHWAY SCONE

Reference is made to Council's email dated 18 October 2019, regarding the abovementioned application which was referred to Roads and Maritime Services (Roads and Maritime) for comment in accordance with Clause 104 / Schedule 3 of the *State Environmental Planning Policy (Infrastructure) 2007.*

Roads and Maritime understands the draft Planning Proposal to rezone 2912 New England Highway from R1 General Residential to IN2 Light Industrial to allow the construction of a Highway Service Centre. The Service Centre will comprise:

- · Service Station, including car and truck refuelling,
- Fast food restaurant,
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Roads and Maritime Response

Transport for NSW and Roads and Maritime's primary interests are in the road network, traffic and broader transport issues. In particular, the efficiency and safety of the classified road network, the security of property assets and the integration of land use and transport.

The New England Highway fronting the site is currently a classified State road. The road is being realigned as part of the Scone Bypass project, with the documentation indicating that it will be named Kelly Street. The status of this road (local or regional) following the opening of the Scone Bypass is not known at this time.

On 22 July 2019, Roads and provided comment on the Planning Proposal, requesting a Traffic Impact Statement be prepared to demonstrate the impact of the proposal on the proposed intersections associated with the Scone bypass. Roads and Maritime have reviewed the submitted Traffic Impact Statement by SECA Solution, dated 4 October 2019, and raise no objection to the proposed rezoning. In making this recommendation, it is noted that the detail of the proposal can be further assessed following submission of a DA following rezoning.

On Council's Gateway determination of this matter, please forward a copy of the Notice of Determination to Roads and Maritime for record and / or action purposes. Should you require further information please contact Marc Desmond on 0475 825 820 or by emailing development.hunter@rms.nsw.gov.au.

Yours sincerely

Peter Marler Manager Land Use Assessment Hunter Region